Unit in mm

11-1004

TOSHIBA Photocoupler GaAlAs Ired & Photo-IC

# **TLP250**

Transistor Inverter
Inverter For Air Conditionor
IGBT Gate Drive
Power MOS FET Gate Drive

The TOSHIBA TLP250 consists of a GaAlAs light emitting diode and a integrated photodetector.

This unit is 8-lead DIP package.

TLP250 is suitable for gate driving circuit of IGBT or power MOS FET.

- Input threshold current: IF=5mA(max.)
- Supply current (ICC): 11mA(max.)
- Supply voltage (VCC): 10-35V
- Output current (IO): ±1.5A (max.)
- Switching time (tpLH/tpHL): 1.5µs(max.)
- Isolation voltage: 2500V<sub>rms</sub>(min.)
- UL recognized: UL1577, file No.E67349
- Option (D4) type

VDE approved: DIN VDE0884/06.92, certificate No.76823

Maximum operating insulation voltage: 630VPK

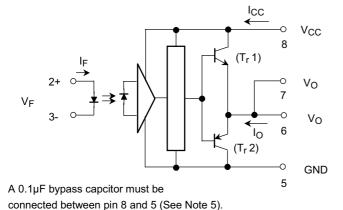
Highest permissible over voltage: 4000VPK

# (Note) When a VDE0884 approved type is needed, please designate the "option (D4)"

• Creepage distance: 6.4mm(min.)

Clearance: 6.4mm(min.)

#### **Schmatic**



#### **Truth Table**

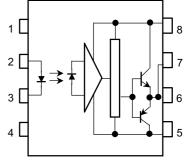
		Tr1	Tr2
Input LED	On	On	Off
	Off	Off	On

### 8 7 6 5 1 2 3 4 266±0.25 1.2±0.16 0.5±0.1 0.5±0.1 1.2±0.25 0.5±0.1 0.5±0.1 0.5±0.1 0.5±0.1 0.5±0.1 0.5±0.1

TOSHIBA Weight: 0.54 g

## Pin Configuration (top view)

11-10C4



- 1 : N.C.
- 2 : Anode
- 3 : Cathode
- 4 : N.C.
- 5 : GND
- 6: VO (Output)
- $7:V_{\hbox{\scriptsize O}}$
- 8: V<sub>CC</sub>

2004-06-25
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# Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

	Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
	Forward current	lF	20	mA	
	Forward current derating (Ta ≥ 70°C)	ΔI <sub>F</sub> / ΔTa	-0.36	mA / °C	
ЕВ	Peak transient forward curent	(Note 1)	I <sub>FPT</sub>	1	А
	Reverse voltage		V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
	Junction temperature		Tj	125	°C
	"H"peak output current (P <sub>W</sub> ≤ 2.5µs,f ≤ 15kHz)	I <sub>OPH</sub>	-1.5	А	
	"L"peak output current (P <sub>W</sub> ≤ 2.5µs,f ≤ 15kHz)	(Note 2)	I <sub>OPL</sub>	+1.5	А
	Output voltage	(Ta ≤ 70°C)	V	35	V
ъ	Output voltage	(Ta = 85°C)	Vo	24	V
Detector	Supply voltage	(Ta ≤ 70°C)	V	35	V
ď	Supply voltage	(Ta = 85°C)	V <sub>CC</sub>	24	V
	Output voltage derating (Ta ≥ 70°C)		ΔV <sub>O</sub> / ΔTa	-0.73	V/°C
	Supply voltage derating (Ta ≥ 70°C)		ΔV <sub>CC</sub> / ΔTa	-0.73	V/°C
	Junction temperature		Tj	125	°C
Opera	ating frequency	f	25	kHz	
Opera	ating temperature range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20~85	°C	
Stora	ge temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~125	°C	
Lead	Lead soldering temperature (10 s) (Note 4			260	°C
Isolat	ion voltage (AC, 1 min., R.H.≤ 60%)	(Note 5)	BVS	2500	Vrms

- Note 1: Pulse width  $P_W \le 1\mu s$ , 300pps
- Note 2: Exporenential waveform
- Note 3: Exporenential wavefom,  $I_{OPH} \le -1.0A(\le 2.5\mu s)$ ,  $I_{OPL} \le +1.0A(\le 2.5\mu s)$
- Note 4: It is 2 mm or more from a lead root.
- Note 5: Device considerd a two terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 shorted together, and pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 shorted together.
- Note 6: A ceramic capacitor(0.1µF) should be connected from pin 8 to pin 5 to stabilize the operation of the high gain linear amplifier. Failure to provide the bypassing may impair the switching proparty. The total lead length between capacitor and coupler should not exceed 1cm.

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Characteristic		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.		Unit
Input current, on	(Note 7)	I <sub>F(ON)</sub>	7	8	10		mA
Input voltage, off		V <sub>F(OFF)</sub>	0	_	0.8		V
Supply voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	15	_	30	20	V
Peak output current		I <sub>OPH</sub> /I <sub>OPL</sub>	_	_	±0.5		Α
Operating temperature		T <sub>opr</sub>	-20	25	70	85	°C

Note 7: Input signal rise time (fall time)  $< 0.5 \ \mu s$ .

# Electrical Characteristics (Ta = $-20\sim70$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristic		Symbol	Test Cir– cuit	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Unit	
Input forward voltage		V <sub>F</sub>	_	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA , Ta = 25°C		1.6	1.8	V	
Temperature coefficient of forward voltage		ΔV <sub>F</sub> / ΔTa	_	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA	_	-2.0	_	mV / °C	
Input reverse current	Input reverse current		_	V <sub>R</sub> = 5V, Ta = 25°C		_	10	μА	
Input capacitance		C <sub>T</sub>	_	V = 0 , f = 1MHz , Ta = 25°C	-	45	250	pF	
Output current	"H" level	I <sub>OPH</sub>	3	$V_{CC} = 30V$ $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ $V_{8-6} = 4V$	-0.5	-1.5	_	A	
Output current	"L" level	I <sub>OPL</sub>	2	(*1) $I_{F} = 0 \\ V_{6-5} = 2.5V$	0.5	2	_		
Output voltage	"H" level	V <sub>OH</sub>	4	$V_{CC1}$ = +15V, $V_{EE1}$ = -15V R <sub>L</sub> = 200 $\Omega$ , I <sub>F</sub> = 5mA		12.8	_	V	
	"L" level	V <sub>OL</sub>	5	$V_{CC1}$ = +15V, $V_{EE1}$ = -15V $R_L$ = 200 $\Omega$ , $V_F$ = 0.8V	_	-14.2	-12.5	]	
	"H" level	Іссн	_	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA Ta = 25°C	_	7	_		
Supply current				V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V, I <sub>F</sub> = 10mA	T -	_	11	] <sub>mA</sub>	
Зирріу сипені	"L" level	Iccl	_	V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0mA Ta = 25°C	_	7.5	_	IIIA	
				V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0mA	Ī —	_	11		
Threshold input current	"Output L→H"	I <sub>FLH</sub>	_	$V_{CC1} = +15V, V_{EE1} = -15V$ $R_L = 200\Omega, V_O > 0V$	_	1.2	5	mA	
Threshold input voltage	"Output H→L"	I <sub>FHL</sub>	_	$V_{CC1} = +15V, V_{EE1} = -15V$ $R_L = 200\Omega, V_O < 0V$	0.8	_	_	V	
Supply voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	_		10	_	35	V	
Capacitance (input–output)		CS	_	V <sub>S</sub> = 0 , f = 1MHz Ta = 25	_	1.0	2.0	pF	
Resistance(input-output)		R <sub>S</sub>	_	V <sub>S</sub> = 500V , Ta = 25°C R.H.≤ 60%	1×10 <sup>12</sup>	10 <sup>14</sup>	_	Ω	

<sup>\*</sup> All typical values are at Ta =  $25^{\circ}$ C (\*1): Duration of I<sub>O</sub> time  $\leq 50\mu$ s

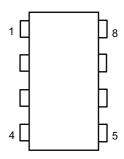
# Switching Characteristics (Ta = $-20\sim70$ °C, unless otherwise specified)

Characteristic		Symbol	Test Cir– cuit	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Unit
Propagation delay time	L→H	t <sub>pLH</sub>	6	I <sub>F</sub> = 8mA (Note 7) V <sub>CC1</sub> = +15V, V <sub>EE1</sub> = -15V	_	0.15	0.5	.10
	H→L	t <sub>pHL</sub>			_	0.15	0.5	
Output rise time		t <sub>r</sub>		$R_L = 200\Omega$	_	_	_	μs
Output fall time		t <sub>f</sub>			_	_	_	
Common mode transient immunity at high level output		C <sub>MH</sub>	7	V <sub>CM</sub> = 600V, I <sub>F</sub> = 8mA V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V, Ta = 25°C	-5000	_	_	V/µs
Common mode transier immunity at low level output	nt	C <sub>ML</sub>	7	V <sub>CM</sub> = 600V, I <sub>F</sub> = 0mA V <sub>CC</sub> = 30V, Ta = 25°C	5000	_	_	V/µs

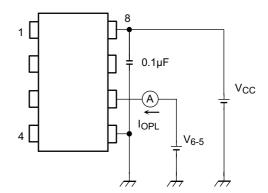
<sup>\*</sup> All typical values are at Ta = 25°C

Note 7: Input signal rise time (fall time)  $< 0.5 \; \mu s.$ 

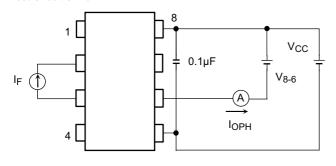
Test Circuit 1:



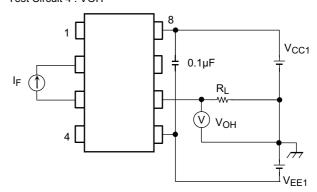
Test Circuit 2: IOPL



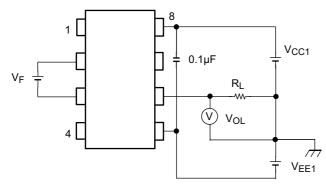
Test Circuit 3: IOPH



Test Circuit 4: VOH

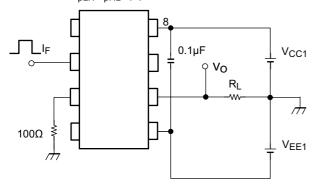


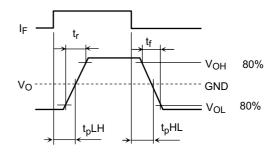
Test Circuit 5 : V<sub>OL</sub>



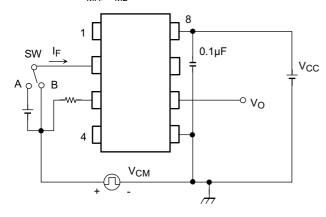
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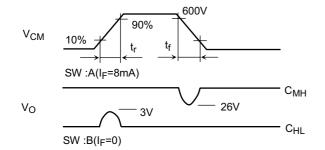
Test Circuit 6: t<sub>pLH</sub>, t<sub>pHL</sub>, t<sub>r</sub> t<sub>f</sub>





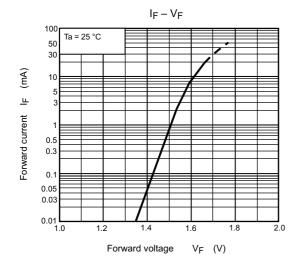
Test Circuit 7: C<sub>MH</sub>, C<sub>ML</sub>

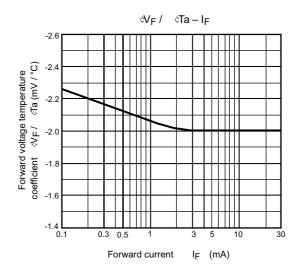


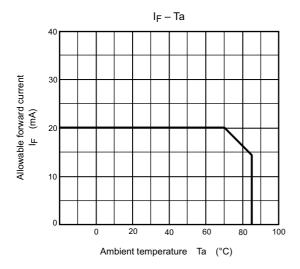


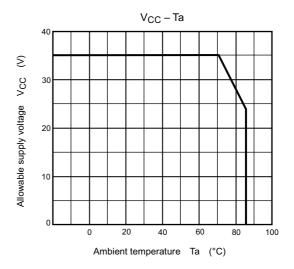
$$\begin{split} C_{ML} &= \frac{480 \text{ (V)}}{t_{r \text{ (µs)}}} \\ C_{MH} &= \frac{480 \text{ (V)}}{t_{f \text{ (µs)}}} \end{split}$$

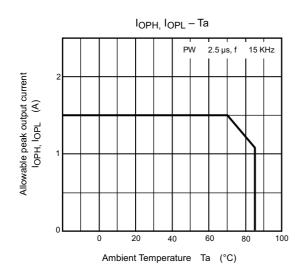
 $C_{ML}(C_{MH})$  is the maximum rate of rise (fall) of the common mode voltage that can be sustained with the output voltage in the low (high) state.











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