

**LP-NSM012**

Surface mount fuses

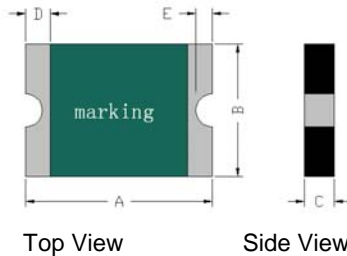
**Features**

- Small size of 1206
- Lead-free and compliant with the European Union RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC
- Fast tripping resettable circuit protection
- Surface mount packaging for automated assembly
- Agency Recognition: UL、CSA



**Product Dimensions (mm)**

Part number	A	B	C	D	E	Part marking
	Max.	Max.	Max.	Min.	Min.	
LP-NSM012	3.50	1.80	0.85	0.10	0.20	P

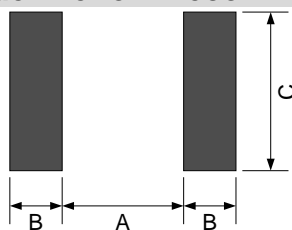


**Electrical Characteristics**

Part number	$I_H$	$I_T$	$V_{max}$	$I_{max}$	$T_{trip}$	$P_{d\ typ}$	$R_{min}$	$R_{1max}$
	(A)	(A)	(V)	(A)	Current(A) Time(S)	(W)	( $\Omega$ )	( $\Omega$ )
LP-NSM012	0.125	0.29	30	20	1.0 0.20	0.6	1.50	6.00

$I_H$ =Hold current: maximum current at which the device will not trip at 25°C still air.  
 $I_T$ =Trip current: minimum current at which the device will always trip at 25°C still air.  
 $V_{max}$ =Maximum voltage device can withstand without damage at rated current.  
 $I_{max}$ =Maximum fault current device can withstand without damage at rated voltage.  
 $T_{trip}$ =Maximum time to trip(s) at assigned current.  
 $P_{d\ typ}$ =Typical power dissipation: typical amount of power dissipated by the device when in state air environment.  
 $R_{min}$ =Minimum device resistance at 25°C prior to tripping.  
 $R_{1max}$ =Maximum device resistance measured in the nontripped state 1 hour post reflow.

**Solder Reflow Recommendations**



**Solder Pad Layouts**

Part number	A	B	C
	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)
LP-NSM012	1.80	1.00	1.80

- \* Recommended reflow methods: IR, Vapor phase, hot air oven.
- \* Devices can be cleaned using standard industry methods and solvents.

**Notes:**

- If reflow temperatures exceed the recommended profile, devices may not meet the performance requirements.
- Devices are not designed to be wave soldered to the bottom side of the board.

**Package Information**

Tape & Reel: 4000pcs per reel.

**Effectivity:** Reference documents shall be the issue in effect on the date of invitation for bid.

**Caution:** Operation beyond the rated voltage or current may result in rupture electrical arcing or flame.

